## **Expert Committee Recommendations Regarding the Prevention, Assessment, and Treatment of child and Adolescent Overweight and Obesity: Summary Report** Sarah E. Barlow

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## • TABLE 8

Weight Goals and Intervention Stages, According to Age and BMI Categories

Age	BMI Category	Weight Goal to Improve BMI Percentileª	Initial Intervention Stage	Highest Intervention Stage
				Prevention
<2 y	Weight for height	NA	Prevention counseling	counseling
	5th–84th percentile or 85th–94th			
	percentile with no			Prevention
2—5 у	health risks	Weight velocity maintenance	Prevention counseling	counseling
	85th-94th			
	percentile with	Weight maintenance or slow	Prevention Plus (stage	
	health risks	weight gain	1)	SWM (stage 2)
		Weight maintenance (weight		
		loss of up to 1 lb/mo may be		
		acceptable if BMI is >21 or	Prevention Plus (stage	
	≥95th percentile	22 kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	1)	CMI (stage 3)
	5th–84th percentile or 85th–94th			
	percentile with no			Prevention
6–11 y	health risks	Weight velocity maintenance	Prevention counseling	counseling
	85th-94th			
	percentile with		Prevention Plus (stage	
	health risks	Weight maintenance	1)	SWM (stage 2)
	95th-99th	Gradual weight loss (1 lb/mo	Prevention Plus (stage	
	percentile	or 0.5 kg/mo)	1)	CMI (stage 3)

Age	BMI Category	Weight Goal to Improve BMI Percentileª	Initial Intervention Stage	Highest Intervention Stage
			Prevention Plus (stage	
		Weight loss (maximum is 2	1) or stage 2 or 3 if	TCI (stage 4), if
	>99th percentile	lb/wk)	family is motivated	appropriate
	5th–84th percentile	Weight velocity maintenance;		
	or 85th–94th	after linear growth is		
12–18	percentile with no	complete, weight		Prevention
у	health risks	maintenance	Prevention counseling	counseling
	85th-94th			
	percentile with	Weight maintenance or	Prevention Plus (stage	
	health risks	gradual weight loss	1)	SWM (stage 2)
	95th-99th	Weight loss (maximum is 2	Prevention Plus (stage	TCI (stage 4), if
	percentile	lb/wk)	1)	appropriate
			Prevention Plus (stage	
			1) or stage 2 or 3 if	
		Weight loss (maximum is 2	patient and family are	TCI (stage 4), if
	>99th percentile	lb/wk)	motivated	appropriate

• SWM indicates structured weight management; CMI, comprehensive multidisciplinary intervention; TCI, tertiary care intervention; NA, not applicable.

• If a child has obesity-related health risks, then the target outcome is a downward shift of the child's BMI curve. Serial weights, with the goals described here, are more easily assessed over weeks and months. In growing children, weight maintenance or even slow weight gain results in lower BMI.